

APPLICATION NO.

09/915,609

47701

United States Patent and Trademark Office

FILING DATE

07/26/2001

08/24/2006

7590

90 FOREST AVENUE

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRM	
	ATION NO
501022-A-01-US (Sadot) 6	788

PAPER NUMBER

ART UNIT 2143

DATE MAILED: 08/24/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

FIRST NAMED INVENTOR

Emek Sadot

Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/915,609	SADOT, EMEK ET AL	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Kyung H. Shin	2143	

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address	
THE REPLY FILED <u>20 July 2006</u> FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.	
1. The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonm this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, whe places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41. a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the time periods:	ich 31; or (3)
a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date of the final rejection.	
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection.	
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED W TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate exter	
nave been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extender 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office actions to find the final control of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office actions the final control of the final rejection, even if the final rejection is the final rejection in the final rejection in the final rejection is the final rejection in the final rejection in the final rejection is the final rejection in the final rejection in the final rejection is the final rejection in the final rejec	ension fee n; or (2) as
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on 20 July 2006. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two month date of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of tappeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a).	пе
AMENDMENTS	
 The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); 	
(a) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below);	
(c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the iss appeal; and/or	ues for
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).	
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL	324).
5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):	
 Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment can non-allowable claim(s). 	celing the
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) will not be entered, or b) will be entered and an explanation how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:	tion of
Claim(s) allowed:	
Claim(s) objected to:	
Claim(s) rejected: 1-22.	
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE	
3. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be explained applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).	
2. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to present a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).	
10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached. REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER	
11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance be See Continuation Sheet.	cause:
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	
13. Other:	
TO AVID WILEY	
SUPERVIEW 2100	
TECHNO DE L'ANTITON	

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: Response to Remarks

1.1 Applicant argues that the referenced prior art teaches directly away from the claim invention. (see Remarks Page 3, Line 8)
Furthermore, a referenced prior art does not teach away such that "the prior art's mere disclosure of more than one alternative does not constitute a teaching away from any of these alternatives because such disclosure does not criticize, discredit, or otherwise

not constitute a teaching away from any of these alternatives because such disclosure does not criticize, discredit, or otherwise discourage the solution claimed.." In re Fulton, 391 F.3d 1195, 1201, 73 USPQ2d 1141, 1146 (Fed. Cir. 2004). There is no disclosure within the Brendel prior art that criticizes, discredits, or otherwise discourages, in any way shape or form, the storage of session identifiers within a storage table as stated by the Applicant. Brendel does not teach away from the applicant's invention.

There is no citation within the Office Action dated April 18, 2006 that refers to column 15, lines 22-23 within the Brendel prior art or relied upon by the Examiner. (see Remarks Page 4, Lines 14-15) The Applicant stresses this citation as a teaching away disclosure. The Brendel prior art recites several methods for server selection. (see Brendel col. 10, lines 6-9; col. 9, lines 53-56: server selection methods) To emphasize, the Brendel prior art does not criticize, discredit, or discourage, in any way shape or form, the usage of a session information storage table.

1.2 Applicant argues that the referenced prior art does not disclose " ... each of the server being operative to assign a session ID values from its associated one of the pre-assigned groups to sessions handled by that server. (see Remarks page 4, Lines 8-10)

The referenced prior art discloses the applicant invention as disclosed. The Brendel-Choquier-Gongwer combination discloses the claimed limitations argued by the Applicant. Brendel discloses a load balancing system to enable the selection of a server system based a load balancing algorithm. (see Brendel col. 5, lines 61-67: determine designated server from multiple server for client-server message processing)

The Brendel-Choquier combination discloses the selection of a session identifier value. (see Choquier col. 15, lines 28-41: load management system utilizing a range of values assigned to each entity (i.e. server, processor) and utilized in the generation of a calculated ID value (i.e. session ID or session information))

And, the Brendel-Choquier-Gongwer combination discloses the capability for the selection of a session identifier from a pool of identifiers. (see Gongwer col. 2, lines 2-5; col. 9, lines 52-54; col. 12, lines 54-57; col. 12, lines 62-65: session identifier selected from pool of unassigned session identifiers)

1.3 Additionally, the Applicant is reminded that the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

Furthermore, in response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where rejections are based on combinations of references. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); In re Merck & Co., 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

1.4 In conclusion, the examiner has considered the applicant's remarks concerning a load balancing system with session identification information (i.e. identifier) selected from a pool of identifiers.

After an additional analysis of the applicant's invention, remarks, and a search of the available prior art, it was determined that the current set of prior art consisting of Brendel (6,772,333), Choquier (5,774,668), Baker (6,611,498) and Gongwer (6,138,120) discloses the applicant's invention including disclosures in the Remarks dated July 20, 2006.

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8/10/2006